

| | |
|---|--|
| Committee(s): Strategic Planning and Performance Committee | Dated: 3 rd November 2021 |
| Subject: Q2 Performance -v- Policing Plan Measures | Public |
| Which outcomes in the City Corporation's Corporate Plan does this proposal aim to impact directly? | 1 |
| Does this proposal require extra revenue and/or capital spending? | N/A |
| If so, how much? | N/A |
| What is the source of Funding? | N/A |
| Has this Funding Source been agreed with the Chamberlain's Department? | N/A |
| Report of: Commissioner of Police Pol 80-21 | For Information |
| Report author: Robert Ellis, Director of Analysis and Performance | |

Policing Plan Measures Performance
Quarter 2 2021/22
1st July – 30th September 2021

Q2 21/22 Performance – Policing Plan Measures

1.1 Summary

This report summarises performance against the measures in the City of London Policing Plan 2020-2023 for Quarter 2 (Q2) the year 2021-22.

The refreshed Plan for 2020-23 was published on the City of London Police Website¹ on the 1st April 2021. It includes areas of focus for 2021-22. A set of new measures were developed.

The Summary assessment of the overarching measures for the Policing Plan priorities for 2021-22 for Q2 is shown below. Members will be aware that last year was an extraordinary year in terms of policing the City of London with the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic being evident and many areas continue to be impacted or face unpredictable demand as a result in Q2 2021-22. A full summary of performance against each measure which sits within the overarching measures, is contained within the report.

Whilst the assessment of some measures has changed the overall assessment of each of the priorities remains the same as at the end of Quarter 1.

| | Q4 2020-21 | Q1 2021-22 | Q2 2021-22 | Q3 2021-22 | Q4 2021-22 |
|------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------|------------|
| Economic & Cyber Crime | CLOSE MONITORING | CLOSE MONITORING | CLOSE MONITORING | | |

¹ City of London Police Policing Plan 2021-22-[policing-plan-2020---2023.pdf](https://www.cityoflondon.police.uk/policing-plan-2020---2023.pdf) ([cityoflondon.police.uk](https://www.cityoflondon.police.uk))

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Counter Terrorism | CLOSE MONITORING | CLOSE MONITORING | CLOSE MONITORING | | |
| Serious Organised Crime | SATISFACTORY | SATISFACTORY | SATISFACTORY | | |
| Violent & Acquisitive Crime | SATISFACTORY | SATISFACTORY | SATISFACTORY | | |
| Local Policing | CLOSE MONITORING | CLOSE MONITORING | CLOSE MONITORING | | |

1.2 Recommendation(s)

It is recommended that members note the report.

Main Report

2.1 Background

This report presents Force performance against the measures published in your Police Authority Board's three-year Policing Plan 2020-23 for the year 2021-22, reporting the performance for Q2, 1st July to 30th September 2021.

For the Force Performance Management Group (PMG), measures are graded around whether performance is 'Satisfactory', requires 'Close Monitoring' or 'Requires Action'. As requested at the Performance and Resource Management Committee meeting in May 2017 the report to your Committee continues to reflect the grading reported at the Force PMG .

The definitions for Satisfactory, Close Monitoring and Requires action are defined for each measure so that a consistent approach for grading can be undertaken. The assessment criteria for each measure reported as **Close Monitoring** or **Requires Action** is found within Appendix A.

2.2 Current Position – Overview of All Measures

| Priority: Economic and Cyber Crime | | | | | | |
|--|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|------------|---|
| MEASURE | Q4 2020-21 | Q1 2021-22 | Q2 2021-22 | Q3 2021-22 | Q4 2021-22 | TREND |
| Overall Assessment | N/A | Close Monitoring | Close Monitoring | | | |
| Measure 1- To achieve satisfaction baseline levels of 2019/20 with regard to the percentage of survey respondents who are satisfied with the Action Fraud reporting service (telephone and online)” | N/A This was a new measure introduced for 2021-22 | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | | |  |
| Measure 2- 90% of surveyed respondents have improved knowledge of fraud threats and protective behaviours following engagement events / direct communications | N/A This was a new measure introduced for 2021-22 | No survey data yet available | No survey data yet available | | | |
| Measure 3- The number of judicial outcomes recorded by policing is increased | N/A This was a new measure introduced for 2021-22 | Requires Action | Close Monitoring | | |  |
| Measure 4- City of London Police organised crime groups (OCGs) disruptions are sustained (with higher proportion of major disruptions or seek to increase disruptions against higher harm OCGs) | N/A This was a new measure introduced for 2021-22 | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | | |  |
| Measure 5- Increase use of serious crime prevention and other ancillary orders | N/A This was a new measure introduced for 2021-22 | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | | |  |
| Measure 6- Economic Crime Academy delegate | N/A This was a new | Close Monitoring | Close Monitoring | | |  |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| training numbers are sustained with 90% satisfaction rate | measure introduced for 2021-22 | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|

There are six measures under this priority within Policing Plan.

- The first measure is reported as Satisfactory around Action Fraud victim satisfaction with the service. Satisfaction levels this quarter are maintained at the same level as last (89%).
- The second measure which covers improved knowledge of Fraud threats currently has no information. The data collection survey to inform on this measure is being established so that a baseline can be set for performance. This will be reported before the end of Q4 so that the Force can establish the current performance in this area and then set a measure to build upon this for the next reporting year.
- The third measure around judicial outcomes is assessed as Close Monitoring as there has been an improvement on last quarter with 462 outcomes recorded taking the total for this year (n=497) just over half of the outcomes recorded last year (n=450). It is hoped that further clearing of backlogs in the criminal justice system will see this total continue to increase next quarter.
- The fourth measure covering OCG disruptions is reported as Satisfactory for this period. Both the overall number of disruptions (n=31) and the number of major disruptions (n=9) so far this year are currently ahead of the quarterly averages from last year (n=26 and n=5 respectively).
- The fifth measure around ancillary orders is reported as Satisfactory, levels of ancillary orders and SCPOs under review are similar to last quarter. If no increase is seen next quarter this may move to Close Monitoring.
- The final measure on Economic Crime Academy delegates and course satisfaction is reported as Close Monitoring. A lower number of courses were delivered this quarter as previous years have shown summer to be a quieter period for take up; and consequently, July and August were used to facilitate trainer holidays and essential updates to course materials. Whilst delegate numbers were low this quarter satisfaction has significantly increased to 98%; this is most likely due development of the Moodle platform through which the online delegate experience is improved with easier access to course material and interaction with trainers.

| Priority: Counter Terrorism | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|--|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| MEASURE | Q4 2020-21 | Q1 2021-22 | Q2 2021-22 | Q3 2021-22 | Q4 2021-22 | TREND |
| Overall Assessment | | Close Monitoring | Close Monitoring | | | |
| Measure 1- An increased percentage of people who are surveyed who feel the City of London Police are prepared to respond to a terrorist attack | Satisfactory | REPORTED ANNUALLY as part of Community Survey | REPORTED ANNUALLY as part of Community Survey | | | Trend will be added once this year's survey complete |
| Measure 2- An increased percentage of | Close Monitoring | Requires Action | Requires Action | | |  |

| | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|---|
| Project Servator stops that result in a positive outcome. | | | | | | |
| Measure 3- An increased number of hostile reconnaissance reports received by the Force, demonstrating a higher level of awareness in the community and confidence to report issues to the police | Requires Action | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | | |  |

There are three measures under this priority within the Policing Plan.

- The first measure within this section is reported on annually as part of the Community Survey.
- The second measure around Project Servator positive outcomes for Stop and Search is reporting as Requires Action. At the end of Q2 a 55% positive outcome rate is reported for the year to date, compared to 63% for the previous year. However, the trend is improving quarterly rising from 45% to 53% last quarter and from 53% to 59% this quarter. If this trend continues into next quarter it may reach similar levels to last year and move to close monitoring.
- The Third measure around the number of Op Lightning reports continues to report as Satisfactory. So far this year 46 reports have been received compared to 32 at this point last year.

| Priority: Serious Organised Crime | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| MEASURE | Q4 2020-21 | Q1 2021-22 | Q2 2021-22 | Q3 2021-22 | Q4 2021-22 | TREND |
| Overall Assessment | | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | | | |
| Measure 1- An increase in the number of organised crime groups disrupted | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | | |  |
| Measure 2- A reduction in the percentage of people who are surveyed who consider drugs a problem in the City of London | Satisfactory | REPORTED ANNUALLY as part of Community Survey | REPORTED ANNUALLY as part of Community Survey | | | Trend will be added once this year's survey complete |
| Measure 3- a reduction in the number of cyber enabled crimes | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | | |  |
| Measure 4- Maintain Force use of multi-agency | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | | |  |

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| interventions or investigations supported or coordinated to safeguard children | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

There are four measures under this priority within the Policing Plan.

- The first measure, an increase in the number of organised crime groups disrupted is reported as Satisfactory for the second quarter as levels look to be on track to exceed last year's total.
- The second measure, a reduction in the percentage of people who are surveyed who consider drugs a problem in the City of London, is reported annually as part of the community survey.
- The third measure, a reduction in the number of cyber enabled crimes is reported as Satisfactory. So far this year 16 reports have been received compared to 25 by this point last year.
- The fourth measure, to maintain Force use of multi-agency interventions or investigations supported or coordinated to safeguard children is also recorded as Satisfactory for this period. There has been a slight decrease in the number of investigations (n=7) compared to last quarter (n=15) and this quarter last year (n=8). If this trend continues this could move to close monitoring in Q3.

| Priority: Violent and Acquisitive Crime | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| MEASURE | Q4 2020-21 | Q1 2021-22 | Q2 2021-22 | Q3 2021-22 | Q4 2021-22 | TREND |
| Overall Assessment | | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | | | |
| Measure 1- A reduction in number of victim-based violent crimes. | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | | |  |
| Measure 2- A reduction in number of victim-based acquisitive crimes | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | | |  |
| Measure 3- A reduction in the re-offending rate of people committing violent and acquisitive crime | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | Close Monitoring | | |  |
| Measure 4- An increase in the percentage of people satisfied that they have received a professional service following reporting a crime | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | | |  |

There are four measures under this priority within the Policing Plan.

- The first measure, a reduction in number of victim-based violent crimes is reported as Satisfactory. There has been a reduction for both the rolling 12 month period (-12%) and compared to the 19/20 baseline (-25%).
- The second measure, a reduction in number of victim-based acquisitive crimes is reported as Satisfactory. There has been a reduction for both the rolling 12 month period (-34%) and compared to the 19/20 baseline (-49%).
- The third measure around the reduction in reoffending for acquisitive and violent crime is assessed as Close Monitoring as levels of repeat offender crime are similar to both that of 2019/20. The percentage of repeat offenders is showing a slight increase.
- The fourth measure around victim satisfaction is assessed as Satisfactory.

| | |
|--|--|
| Treatment 85% Satisfied  |  Follow Up 65% Satisfied |
| Overall Service 62% Satisfied  |  69% Would Recommend in Future |

The Force is currently achieving around a 10% response rate to the survey; 789 text message requests have been successfully delivered since November 2020 and we have received 78 responses. We have seen all measures increase in Q2, notably those satisfied with how they were treated has risen from 76% to 85%. Whilst people are generally satisfied there is still room for improvement.

The provision from the current provider has expired so the Force is exploring the possibilities for other provision as a matter of urgency.

| Priority: Local Policing | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|--|--|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| MEASURE | Q4 2020-21 | Q1 2021-22 | Q2 2021-22 | Q3 2021-22 | Q4 2021-22 | TREND |
| Overall Assessment | | Close Monitoring | Close Monitoring | | | |
| Measure 1- Roads policing - a reduction in the percentage of people who are surveyed who consider road safety issues a priority in the City of London | Requires Action | REPORTED ANNUALLY as part of Community Survey | REPORTED ANNUALLY as part of Community Survey | | | Trend will be added once this year's survey complete |
| Measure 2- Antisocial Behaviour- a reduction in the percentage of people who are surveyed who consider ASB a | Requires Action | REPORTED ANNUALLY as part of Community Survey | REPORTED ANNUALLY as part of Community Survey | | | Trend will be added once this year's survey complete |

| | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|---|
| priority in the City of London | | | | | | |
| Measure 3- The public order measure- an increase in the number of positive outcomes following arrests resulting from public order incidents | Satisfactory | Close Monitoring | Close Monitoring | | |  |
| Measure 4- The vulnerability measure - an increase in the use of the national vulnerability framework to identify those who are vulnerable so that they receive an appropriate level of service | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | Satisfactory | | |  |

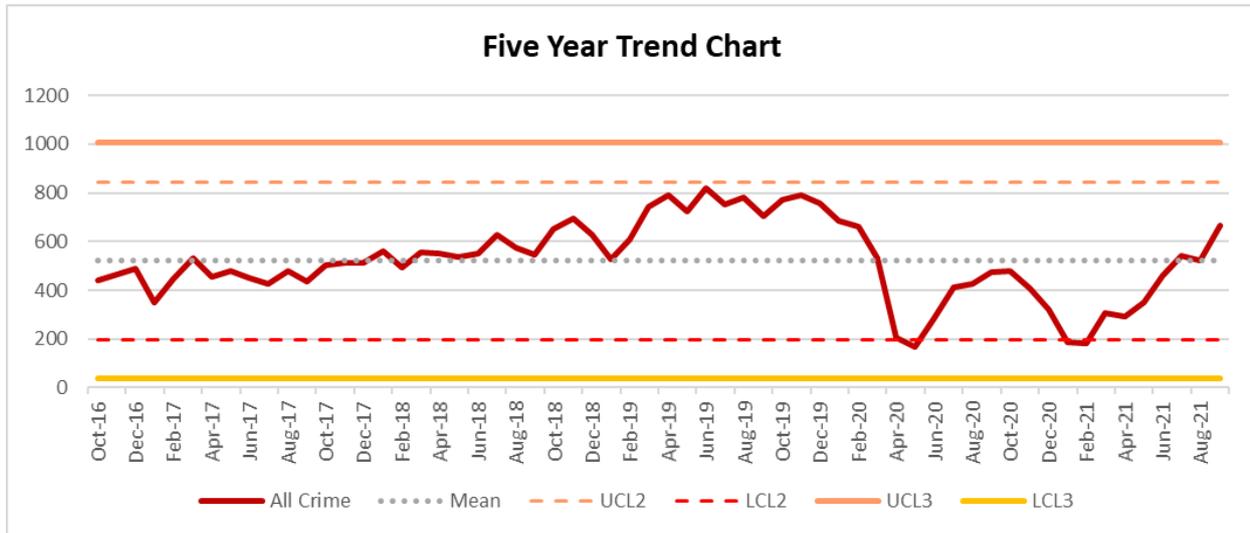
There are four measures under this priority within the Policing Plan.

- The first measure for roads policing is reported annually as part of the Community Survey.
- The second measure for anti-social behaviour is also reported annually as part of the Community Survey.
- The third measure “an increase in the number of positive outcomes following arrests resulting from public order incidents” is reported as Close Monitoring. The current positive outcome rate for the year to date is 19% which is a decrease from 33% last year and 23% in 2019/20 but could still be recovered before the end of the year.
- The fourth measure regarding an increase in the use of the national vulnerability framework is reported as Satisfactory. Levels of adult referrals have increased compared to the previous 2 years whilst child referrals have increased compared to 2020/21 but are similar to that seen in 2019/20.

The data supporting those measures shown as ‘Close Monitoring’ or ‘Requires Action’ is contained within Appendix A.

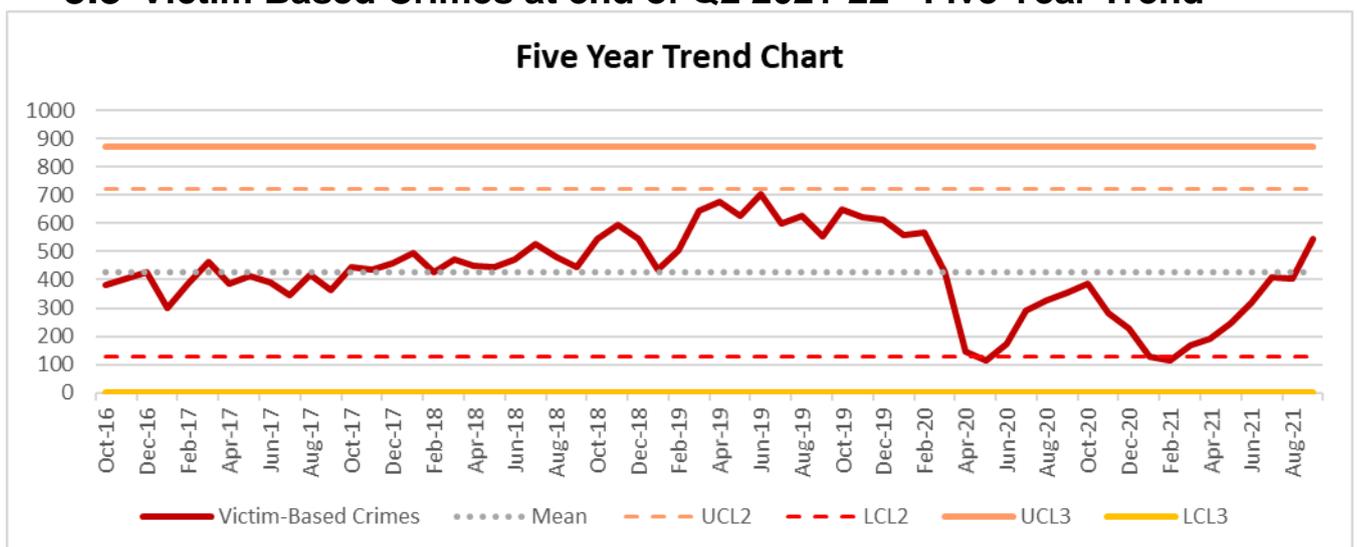
3.1 Key Data

3.2 All Crime at end of Q2 2021-22 - Five Year Trend



There were 1730 crimes recorded across Q2, a **57% increase** from the 1103 offences recorded in Q1. Despite this sharp increase the Force continues to report a decrease for the rolling 12 month period of -23% (n=-1414); and compared to the 2019/20 baseline a **reduction of -37%** (n=-1694). When compared to last year the Force reports an increase of 44% (n=863); noting that 20/21 figures were significantly impacted by national lockdowns. At present the Force forecasts that the end of year crime figure will be 5,700; which is similar to levels seen in 2017/18. However levels in September have been significantly higher than the previous forecasted figure; and if unchecked the end of year total could reach 6,100 offences.

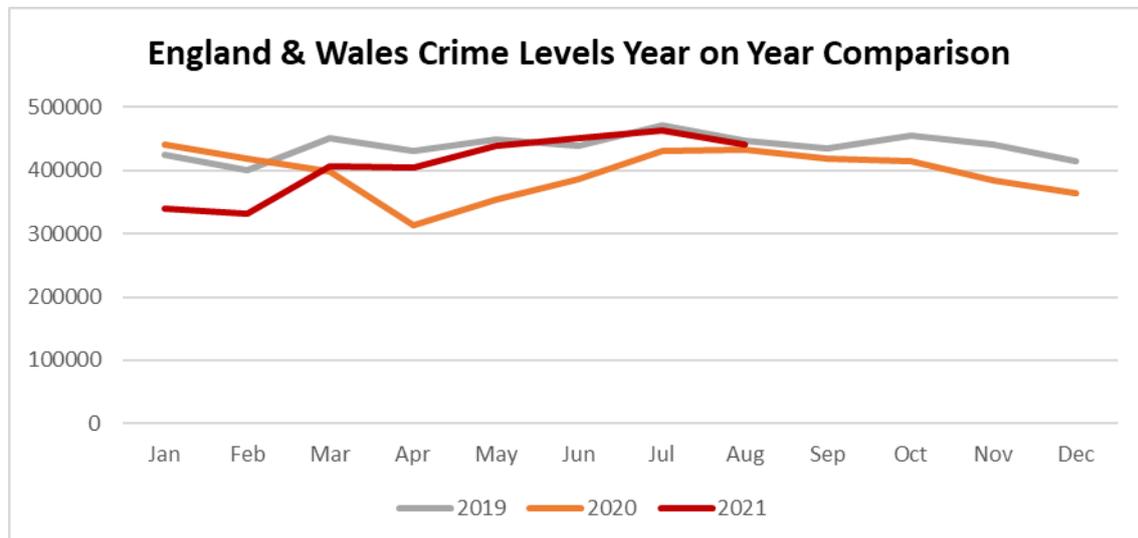
3.3 Victim Based Crimes at end of Q2 2021-22 - Five Year Trend



There were 1358 victim based crimes recorded across Q2, an **80% increase** from the 754 offences recorded in Q1. This is a sharper increase than the Force reported for All

Crime levels; but following a similar trend there has been a **29% decrease** for the rolling 12 month period (n=-1389). There was also a decrease compared to the 2019/20 baseline; a reduction of -44% (n=-1630). When compared to last year the Force are reporting an increase of 50% (n=708); recognising that 20/21 figures were significantly impacted by national lockdowns.

3.4 National Comparison



The most recently published data for crime nationally is available to the end of August 2021. Comparing the rolling 12 month figures to this point, a **-1.3% decrease** in crime was reported across England and Wales; with 31 forces reporting a decrease.

Nationally the increase in All Crime has not been as sharp as that seen in the City; but the national decrease in April/May 2020 was also not as significant. Notably, nationally crime levels have returned to the same levels as 2019; whilst the City has yet to returned to 2019 levels.

Across all forces nationally at the end of August the City of London Police reported the **highest reduction**; and is currently ranked **1st** out of 43 Forces for the rolling 12 months (**-29%**). This performance has been consistent for **14 months**. Suffolk Police are currently ranked 2nd with a decrease of 11%.

3.5 MPS Comparison



The MPS rolling 12 months to end September 2021 is showing a reduction of -7.36% compared to the City of London; which has a reduction of -23% for the same period. MPS crime levels followed a very similar pattern to that in the City between April 2020 and early 2021 seeing similar peaks and troughs based on lockdown restrictions and easings. However, the City has seen a continued increase since May 2021; whilst the MPS figures have started to plateau around their average level. The City has taken longer to return average levels than the MPS (July 2021 compared to May 2021). Whilst the MPS saw a decrease in August and a following increase in September, similar to the City; the September increase in the City is more pronounced.

3.6 Conclusion

For Q2 2021-22, at present there are no areas of major or significant concern in Force performance. The previous year was an exceptional year with the Covid-19 pandemic having an impact on all areas of Force performance. One measure graded as requiring action last quarter has improved to 'Close Monitoring' this quarter. The measure concerns Economic Crime Judicial Outcomes, yet the overall assessments of each priority remain unchanged since the last reporting quarter.

The Force is beginning to see activity and performance return to similar levels as those before the pandemic; and the Force recognises the need to be alive to the challenges that the year ahead will bring. The Force is working hard to ensure that the City of London remains a safe place for its communities and the public that we serve.

Appendix A

1. Performance Summary

| | Q4 2020-21 | Q1 2021-22 | Q2 2021-22 | Q3 2021-22 | Q4 2021-22 | Trend |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------|------------|---|
| Economic & Cyber Crime | CLOSE MONITORING | CLOSE MONITORING | CLOSE MONITORING | | |  |
| Counter Terrorism | CLOSE MONITORING | CLOSE MONITORING | CLOSE MONITORING | | |  |
| Serious Organised Crime | SATISFACTORY | SATISFACTORY | SATISFACTORY | | |  |
| Violent & Acquisitive Crime | SATISFACTORY | SATISFACTORY | SATISFACTORY | | |  |
| Local Policing | CLOSE MONITORING | CLOSE MONITORING | CLOSE MONITORING | | |  |

Assessment Criteria

SATISFACTORY: All measures within category report this assessment or only one measure within category reports Close Monitoring.

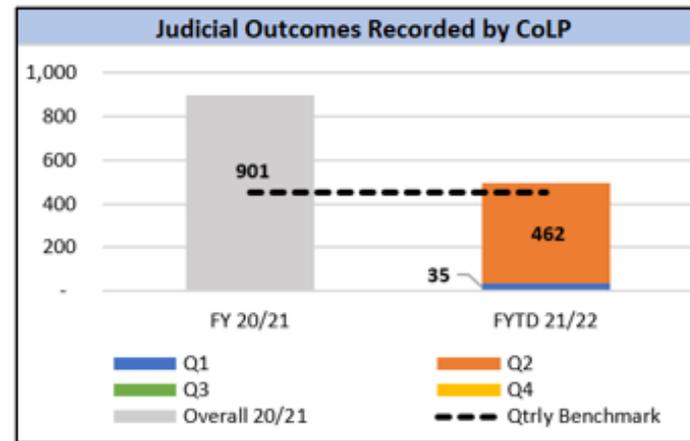
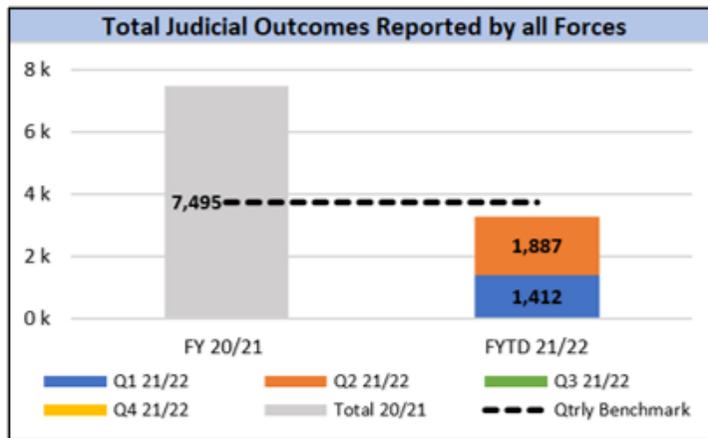
CLOSE MONITORING: Two or more measures report as Close Monitoring, where two or more report as Requires Action should the number of measures dictate the below assessment will be used.

REQUIRES ACTION: Two or more measures within this category report Requires Action.

2. Measures shown as 'Close Monitoring' or 'Requires Action'

| PRIORITY: ECONOMIC & CYBER CRIME | | Assessment | Close Monitoring |
|----------------------------------|---|------------|------------------|
| Measure of Success | The number of judicial outcomes recorded by policing is increased. | | |
| Aim/Rationale | The National Lead Force seeks to promote the investigation of fraud across policing and support forces to achieve success in this area. It is one of our key outcomes to show that Fraudsters operating nationally are identified and their offending is being disrupted an increase in judicial outcomes for policing will be key to this. A drop on judicial outcome levels from policing will allow us to target our engagement to understand why and work with partners and policing to try and address this although not completely with CoLP's influence. | | |
| Reason for Assessment | <p>SATISFACTORY: The volume of judicial outcomes is greater than or equal to the average level in 2020/21.</p> <p>CLOSE MONITORING: The volume of judicial outcomes is greater than 90% of the average level in 2020/21 but not equal to or exceeding it.</p> <p>REQUIRES ACTION: The volume of judicial outcomes is less than 90% of the average level in 2020/21.</p> | | |

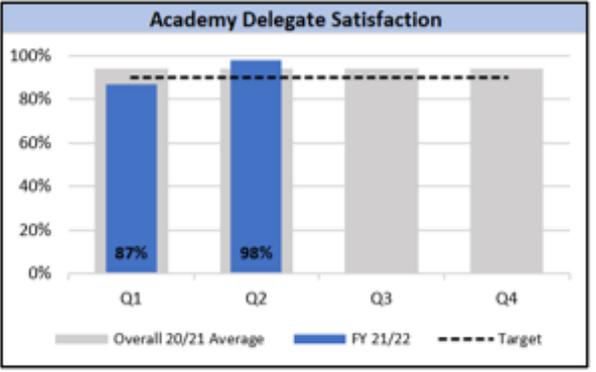
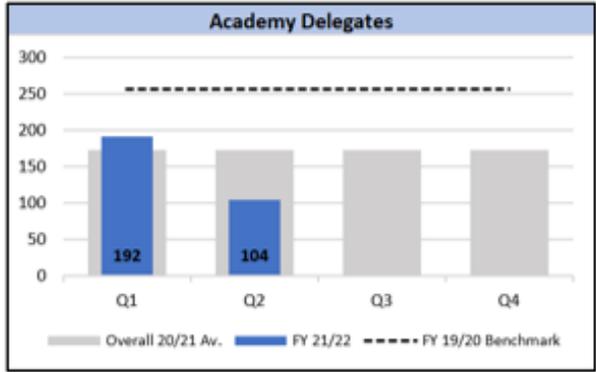
Current Position



The number of judicial outcomes recorded both nationally and by CoLP against economic, cyber and fraud crimes increased this quarter, most notably for CoLP teams as backlogs in the criminal justice system reduced and courts further reopened. It is hoped these increases will continue in to Q3 as further held investigations receive court dates.

| | | | |
|---|--|-------------------|-------------------------|
| PRIORITY: ECONOMIC & CYBER CRIME | | Assessment | Close Monitoring |
| Measure of Success | Economic Crime Academy delegate training numbers are sustained with 90% satisfaction rate. | | |
| Aim/Rationale | City of London Police provides economic crime investigation training to policing, government and the private sector through its Economic Crime Academy. It is responsible for identifying, developing, and disseminating good practice to ensure that policing has the capability to successfully investigate fraud, sustaining delegate numbers is important for that purpose. The satisfaction rate for delegates allows the academy to assess its courses and improve the services it offers. With the academy being affected significantly by Covid-19 in 2020/21 this measure is being compared with 2019/20 to create a better measure of success. | | |
| Reason for Assessment | <p>SATISFACTORY: Delegate training numbers are sustained at 2019/20 average levels and delegate satisfaction through surveys is at least 90%</p> <p>CLOSE MONITORING: Delegate training numbers are less than 95% of 19/20 average levels or delegate satisfaction is less than 87%.</p> <p>REQUIRES ACTION: Delegate training numbers are less than 95% of 19/20 average levels and delegate satisfaction is less than 87%.</p> | | |

Current Position



A lower number of courses were delivered this quarter as previous years have shown summer to be a quieter period for take up; and consequently, July and August were used to facilitate trainer holidays and essential updates to course materials. Whilst delegate numbers were low this quarter satisfaction has significantly increased to 98%; this is most likely due development of the Moodle platform through which the online delegate experience is improved with easier access to course material and interaction with trainers. Courses resumed in September both in person and online with good attendance from both police and private sector delegates.

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------|
| PRIORITY: COUNTERING TERRORISM | | Assessment | Requires Action |
| Measure of Success | An increased percentage of Project Servator stops that result in a positive outcome. | | |
| Aim/Rationale | Project Servator is a suite of tactics employed by the Force to counter terrorist related activity. Part of the success of these tactics is the training of officers to recognise behaviour and target stop and search to individuals exhibiting behavioural traits that draw their attention. The Force aims to improve on the success of the training and deployment of project Servator trained officers and a measure of this success will be the increase in positive outcomes from the stopping and searching of individuals that draw attention to themselves through behavioural profiling. | | |
| Reason for Assessment | SATISFACTORY: An increase in the percentage of positive outcomes from the level achieved in 2020/21. CLOSE MONITORING: The positive outcome level is within 5% of the level achieved in 2020/21. REQUIRES ACTION: Positive outcomes are more than 5% less than the level achieved in 2020/21 | | |

Current Position

| PROJECT SERVATOR STATS 2020/21 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Jan | Feb | Mar | TOTAL |
| Stop and Search | N/A | 0 | 2 | 23 | 13 | 23 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 2 | 5 | 20 | 110 |
| Positive Stop & Searches | N/A | 0 | 2 | 15 | 11 | 12 | 5 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 69 |
| Arrests | N/A | 0 | 2 | 13 | 10 | 11 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 64 |
| Stop Search Positive Outcome Rate | N/A | N/A | 100% | 65% | 85% | 52% | 83% | 50% | 70% | 0 | 20% | 65% | 63% |

| PROJECT SERVATOR STATS 2021/22 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Jan | Feb | Mar | TOTAL |
| Stop and Search | 20 | 28 | 33 | 21 | 14 | 11 | | | | | | | 127 |
| Positive Stop & Searches | 9 | 13 | 21 | 13 | 7 | 8 | | | | | | | 71 |
| Arrests | 5 | 6 | 11 | 10 | 4 | 3 | | | | | | | 39 |
| Stop Search Positive Outcome Rate | 45% | 46% | 64% | 62% | 50% | 73% | | | | | | | 56% |

Project Servator utilises a suite of tactics with Stop & Search being the final resolution of several engagement activities. Before a Stop & Search is conducted an officer will undertake a Resolution Conversation as part of the tactics utilised to ascertain if a Stop & Search will be required, the number of these conversations undertaken each month this financial year is as follows; April: 603, May: 672, June: 625, July: 613, August: 365, September: 183

Therefore, although 81 Stop & Searches have been conducted so far, officers have conducted 3000 conversations with individuals within the year. Currently the positive stop and search rate sits at 56% a slight increase (+3%) from last quarter. This is currently sitting 7% below the 2020/21 rate and 11% below 2019/20, it is however still a very impressive positive outcome rate, there is no national comparator for all positive outcomes but the latest national arrest rate from stop search was just 13%.

The positive Stop & Search rate for 2019/20 was 67%, out of 66 Stop and Searches 44 were positive.
The positive Stop & Search rate for 2020/21 was 63%, out of 110 Stop and Searches 69 were positive.

| PRIORITY: VIOLENT AND ACQUISITIVE CRIME | | Assessment | CLOSE MONITORING |
|---|--|------------|------------------|
| Measure of Success | A reduction in the re-offending rate of people committing violent and acquisitive crime | | |
| Aim/Rationale | A key measure of the effectiveness of the Force in reducing crime is how we manage offenders brought to justice and ensure they are provided with opportunities and programmes on their release to minimise the risk of reoffending. The Force works with a number of partners and has its own programmes to monitor and work with offenders to reduce reoffending upon release. | | |
| Reason for Assessment | SATISFACTORY: Reoffending rates decrease from level reported in 2020/21. CLOSE MONITORING: Re-offending rates remain at same level reported in 2020/21. REQUIRES ACTION: Reoffending rates increase from level reported in 2020/21. | | |
| Current Position | | | |
| 2019/20 Baseline | | | |
| When looking at just Violent and Acquisitive crimes there are 814 crimes with identified offenders for the year, there are 596 offenders recorded against these crimes, 122 of whom are repeat offenders (20%) and account for 340 crimes (42% of those crimes with an offender, 5% of all crimes). | | | |
| 2020/21 Baseline | | | |
| There have been 403 crimes where an offender has been identified, with 296 offenders recorded against these crimes, 60 were recorded as repeat offenders (20% of offenders) and these offenders account for 167 (41% of those crimes with an offender, 7% of all crimes). | | | |
| 2021/22 Performance | | | |
| This measure is reported on a rolling 12-month basis as provided by PIU to better inform performance as the numbers are not significant enough to show trends when compared quarter to quarter. This period covers October 2020 – September 2021. | | | |
| There have been 458 crimes where an offender has been identified, with 319 offenders recorded against these crimes, 73 were recorded as repeat offenders (23% of offenders) and these offenders account for 212 (46% of those crimes with an offender, 5% of all crimes). | | | |
| We are currently seeing slight increase in the percentage of repeat offenders but the proportion of crimes relating to these offenders is reduced from 2020/21 and the same as at the end of 2019/20. | | | |

| | | | |
|--|--|-------------------|-------------------------|
| PRIORITY: LOCAL POLICING | | Assessment | CLOSE MONITORING |
| PRIORITY ACTIVITY: PUBLIC DISORDER: Work in partnership with the City of London Corporation and other stakeholders to support the planning for large scale events with a proportionate, effective policing plan, and maintain our capability and capacity to respond to public order incidents | | | |
| Measure of Success | Public order - an increase in the number of positive outcomes following arrests resulting from public order incidents | | |
| AIM/RATIONALE | The Force undertakes an annual survey of its community to identify the main priorities perceived by the public. Public Order is part of the areas of concern. A success in Force activities with our partners will be the perception of the public that the City is safe to live in, work in and visit. We will therefore look at the reduction in the percentage of people who perceive public order as an issue as a success in the tactics and policing activities undertaken by the Force to ensure City is a safe environment to be in. This will also protect the right of the public to undertake organised protest within the City and show how the Force is effectively policing protest in order to minimise disruption and protect the public while maintaining the right to peaceful and lawful protest. | | |
| Reason for Assessment | SATISFACTORY: Increase in sanctioned detections and positive outcomes combined compared to the level reported in 2020/21. CLOSE MONITORING: Reduction in number of sanctioned detections and positive outcomes combined by up to 5% of the level achieved in 2020/21. REQUIRES ACTION: A reduction of over 5% in the number of sanctioned detections and positive outcomes combined compared to the level achieved in 2020/21. | | |
| Current Position | | | |
| <p>2020/21 Performance FYTD Number Public Order offences for Q1 & Q2: 134. Number of positive outcomes for public disorder offences: 37 equating to 29% End of Year Positive Outcome Rate: 33%</p> <p>2021/22 Performance FYTD Number of Public Order offences for Q1 & Q2: 266. Number of positive outcomes for public disorder offences: 51 equating to 19%</p> <p>Whilst the number of positive outcomes has increased compared to 2020/21 the number of offences has also increased meaning the outcome rate is reduced. The 19% positive outcome rate for the current year to date however is similar to the end of year figure of 23% from 2019/20 that may be a more reliable baseline given the unusual circumstances of last year. For this reason this measure has been held at close monitoring and not requires action.</p> | | | |